CHAMBER MUSIC SOCIETY of UTICA

with generous support from
Elizabeth Lemieux and Marietta von Bernuth
presents

Peter Wiley, Cello Anna Polonsky, Piano

PROGRAM

12 Variations on 'Ein Mädchen oder Weibchen'
for Piano and Cello, Op. 66 (1796)Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827)
Fantasy pieces for Cello and Piano, Op. 73 (1849)Robert Schumann (1810-1856)
Zart und mit Ausdruck Lebhaft, leicht Rasch und mit Feuer
Sonata for Cello and Piano in C Minor, Op. 6 (1932) Samuel Barber (1910-1981)
Allegro ma non troppo Adagio-Presto Allegro appassionato
Intermission
Song Without Words for Cello and Piano in D Major, Op. 109 (1845)Felix Mendelssohn (1809-1847)
Sonata for Cello and Piano in A Major (1886)
Allegretto ben moderato Allegro Recitativo-Fantasia: Ben moderato Allegretto poco mosso

Sunday, 26 March 2023 • 2:30 PM
Sinnott Family Bank of Utica Auditorium • Munson-Williams-Proctor Arts Institute
310 Genesee Street • Utica, New York 13502

PROGRAM NOTES

12 Variations on 'Ein Mädchen oder Weibchen'

for Piano and Cello, Op. 66.....Ludwig van Beethoven

Beethoven was a great admirer of Mozart, whose influence can be heard in a number of Beethoven's compositions. (Just listen to the opening measures of the "Eroica" symphony and the overture to Mozart's "Bastien und Bastienne.") Indeed, Beethoven once said, "Die Zauberflote (The Magic Flute) will always remain Mozart's greatest work, for in it he for the first time showed himself to be a German musician." (Seyfried)

It is no surprise, then, that of the three sets of variations he composed for piano and cello, two were based on music from that opera. The Op. 66 variations are based on an aria sung by Papageno, who, after wishing for - and receiving - food and wine, declares he has just one more wish: "Ein Mädchen oder Weibchen" ("a girl or a wife").

Throughout the work, Beethoven treats the two instruments as equal partners, giving each performer moments in the spotlight. He also pushes the boundaries of the accepted musical standards of his time, with one review accusing him of unusual tonal movements, a criticism that has certainly not stood the test of time.

Fantasy Pieces for Cello and Piano, Op. 73......Robert Schumann

The music of Robert Schumann runs the gamut from large, complex orchestral works to small, intimate chamber works and art songs. His Fantasy Pieces, Op. 73, were composed over the course of just two days, and premiered that same week by Clara Schumann and Dresden clarinetist Johann Gottlieb Kotte. Schumann later made an arrangement for cello and piano, which is the most familiar and frequently performed today.

The three movements take the listener (and performers) on quite the journey. The first movement is marked "tenderly, with expression," making its way from minor to major. The second movement, marked "lively and light," continues with a playful tone, while the third ("quick with fire") brings the journey to an exciting culmination.

Sonata for Cello and Piano in C Minor, Op. 6.....Samuel Barber

As one of the first students at the Curtis Institute of Music, Samuel Barber studied voice, piano, and composition. His Sonata for Cello and Piano was the last work he composed as a student there. He began the composition over the summer of 1932, while staying at the family villa of his friend and fellow student, Gian-Carlo Menotti. There, without a piano at hand, he composed the entire first movement and most of the second, completing the sonata when he returned to school in the fall.

One can hear the influence of Brahms in the work. Barber had played both Brahms cello sonatas while crossing the Atlantic a few years earlier, and the works share an intensity in their structure. He also collaborated closely with cellist Orlando Cole, with whom he premiered the work, and the original manuscript clearly shows the adjustments and changes resulting from that collaboration. Cole later called the sonata "very cellistic, very singing...and it takes advantage of the best qualities of the instrument."

Song Without Words for Cello and Piano in D Major, Op. 109.....Felix Mendelssohn

In 1842, Mendelssohn wrote to a former student about this concept of Songs Without Words, explaining, "[Words] seem so ambiguous, so vague, so subject to misunderstanding when compared with true music, which fills the soul with a thousand better things than words."

Mendelssohn began writing a series of Songs Without Words for piano solo in 1830, eventually publishing eight volumes of six short works each. In 1843, he composed a short work for cello and piano of the same title, which was published posthumously as his Op. 109. After a calm opening section, the middle section becomes agitated and restless, increasing the tension until the cello finally breaks free. A coda then brings the work back to a calm and quiet end.

Sonata for Cello and Piano in A Major César Franck

The morning of his wedding, Eugène Ysaÿe received the manuscript for a violin sonata composed as a wedding gift from César Franck. After a hurried rehearsal, Ysaÿe performed it at the wedding.

Franck had intended the opening movement to be slow and reflective, but Ysaÿe persuaded him that it worked best at a quicker tempo. Franck then marked that first movement Allegretto, with the caveat - "ben moderato." The work was well received by the public and critics, and after hearing a performance, cellist Jules Delsart asked Franck for permission to make a transcription of the violin part for cello. While the work has since been transcribed for other instruments, this remains the only alternative version sanctioned by Franck.

Knowing the origins of the work, it seems fitting that musicologist David Fanning said, "It is hard to resist reading this as a musical symbol of married bliss, especially when the dialogue is placed even closer together, at a distance of half a bar rather than a full bar, on the deliriously happy closing page."

Program Notes by Diane Jones

THE ARTISTS

Cellist Peter Wiley's Utica story began in Deerfield-North Utica in the mid-1950s, where he grew up on Glendale Place, off Walker Road, with four brothers. It was a musical household supervised by Peter's mother, Joan McBride, who was a pianist. Peter's older brother Tom started violin lessons with Sidney Bouck, the reputable strings teacher then in the Whitesboro schools, and Peter followed directly with the cello at the age of seven. The two boys were introduced to chamber music early on, playing at home and attending concerts, and they performed locally—Peter remembers playing at the Masonic Home with his mother and Tom.

In the mid-1960s Peter and Tom started taking lessons with members of the Guarneri Quartet, when the young quartet was in residency at Harpur College, now a part of Binghamton University. Joan drove the boys to Binghamton for lessons, after which they stayed to hear the Quartet's concert. This was the beginning of Peter's life-long mentorship with the Guarneri's eminent cellist David Soyer.

When Peter was 11 and Tom 15, the boys auditioned for the Utica Symphony, conducted then by the Hungarian émigré Zoltan Rozsnyai. Peter played with the orchestra during the 66-67, 67-68 seasons—his last years in Utica. One of the highlights was the orchestra's performance at Carnegie Hall in 1966, given in honor of the 10th anniversary of the Hungarian Revolution. Peter has fuzzy memories of the bus trip to New York, but definitely remembers playing on the Carnegie stage.

Playing with the Utica Symphony opened doors to more chamber music opportunities for Peter. The orchestra's Principal Violist Dr. George Volow—who was then Director of the Utica State Hospital—invited Peter to his home on the hospital grounds for chamber music readings.

In 1968 David Soyer announced to Peter's mother Joan that Peter was going to study with Soyer at the illustrious Curtis Institute in Philadelphia, where all students attend on full scholarship. When Joan told this story, she always said there was no conversation. From the age of 13, Peter studied for six years at Curtis then landed his first orchestra job with the Pittsburgh Symphony. One year later, at the age of 20, Peter was appointed principal cellist of the Cincinnati Symphony where he stayed for 8 years.

Awarded an Avery Fisher Career Grant in 1985, Peter made his concerto debut at Carnegie Hall in 1986 with the New York String Orchestra conducted by Alexander Schneider. From 1987 through 1998, he was cellist of the Beaux Arts Trio. He succeeded his mentor, David Soyer, as cellist of the Guarneri Quartet from 2001 through 2009. Peter was also nominated for a Grammy Award in 1998 with the Beaux Arts Trio, and in 2009 with the Guarneri Quartet. He has maintained a close association with the Marlboro Music Festival since 1971.

A much sought-after teacher, Peter has been a faculty artist at Caramoor's "Rising Stars" program, and taught at the Cincinnati College Conservatory of Music, Mannes College of Music, and Manhattan School of Music. He is currently on the faculty of the Curtis Institute of Music and the Bard College Conservatory of Music.

Pianist Anna Polonsky, a Steinway Artist, is widely in demand as soloist and chamber musician. A frequent guest at the Chamber Music Society of Lincoln Center, Anna collaborates with chamber ensembles and soloists of note, performing at chamber music festivals including Marlboro, Music@Menlo, and Caramoor, as well as Bargemusic in New York City. She has toured extensively throughout the United States, Europe, and Asia.

Anna made her solo piano debut at the age of seven at the Special Central Music School in Moscow, Russia, emigrated to the United States in 1990, and attended high school at the Interlochen Arts Academy in Michigan. She received her Bachelor of Music diploma from The Curtis Institute of Music under the tutelage of pianist Peter Serkin, and continued her studies with Jerome Lowenthal, earning her Master's Degree from the Juilliard School. Currently, she serves on the piano faculty of Vassar College, and in the summer at the Marlboro and Kneisel Hall chamber music festivals.

Together with violinist Jaime Laredo, violist Milena Pájaro-van de Stadt, and cellist Sharon Robinson, Anna is a member of *Espressivo!* Piano Quartet. With the clarinetist David Shifrin and cellist Peter Wiley, she performs with the Polonsky-Shifrin-Wiley Trio.

CMSU'S NEXT CONCERT

APRIL 30, 2023 VERONA QUARTET

www.veronaquartet.com/bio

The ensemble's "thoughtful, impressive" (Cleveland Classical) performances emanate from the spirit of storytelling; the Quartet believes that this transcends genre and therefore the name "Verona" pays tribute to William Shakespeare, the greatest storyteller of all time.

The Verona Quartet's program includes Grażyna Bacewicz's Quartet No. 4, Béla Bartók's Quartet No. 3, and Ludwig von Beethoven's Quartet No. 7, Op. 59, "Rasumovsky" No. 1.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES GRATEFULLY ACKNOWLEDGES THE CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THESE GENEROUS SUPPORTERS OF THE CHAMBER MUSIC SOCIETY OF UTICA

SPONSORS

Gilbert and Ildiko Butler
Family Foundation
Vera S Brindisi Trust
Elizabeth Lemieux
Rona Lucas
Dr and Mrs Robert Menotti
The Menotti Family Fund
Pat and Jan Moore
Robert Verkuyl and Susanna
Watling
Marietta von Bernuth
The Winter Family Fund

BENEFACTORS

Kate Adams Robin Kinnel Heidi and John von Bergen Beth and Norm Webber

CORPORATE PATRON

Adirondack Financial Services William F Locke

PATRONS

Dr Joan Fiori Blanchfield PhD
Dr William C Blanchfield PhD
Dr Charles and Linda Burns
Flora Esterly and Guyon
Knight
Shirley A Felt
Mary Rebecca Ferris
Judith Finer
BettyLou Frye
Sharon and David Goldenson
Donna L Maltzan

Melva S Max
John and Ludmilla Moore
Tom and Jean Morris
Gerald and Susan Rasmussen
Mark and Linda Slavin
Thomas C Watling PhD
Kirk and Charmaine White

DONORS Anonymous

Kay Albright Sheila and Henry Bamberger Dr William L Boyle Jr Rand Carter Natalie T Combar Ofelia Dale Richard and Barbara Decker Rev Paul J Drobin Cecily R Eidelhoch James and Susan Gadbow Morag and Ian Galloway Georgene C Hawe Carolyn Haves Jack and Rose Hosp Anita B Humer Virginia and Christopher Kelly Dean R Kolts John and Mary Gaylord Loy Edward and Judith Marchand Diane Matza and Bart Farell Ronald and Kathleen Mocko Rex and Bambi Niles Dr and Mrs Paul Ohlbaum W Floyd Olney and Elizabeth McDowell.

Stephen Orvis and Carol Ann
Drogus
Philip Pearle
Robert and Fiona Peters
Carl and Susan Stearns
Harold F Terrill
Tina Toglia and Bill Thistleton
Daniel N Uwah
Rudolph von Bernuth
JoElyn Wakefield-Wright

FRIENDS

Anonymous Kathleen Austin Nancy K Bender Cornelia Brown David and Linda Cardarelli Suzanne Costanza Seth Edelman David G Evans Chris and Karen Given Patricia Hoffman Joseph and Ellen Karwacki Randy Marshall Ann G Meyer Donald and Lucille Nojaim Karen Novak Barbara Redmond Rosalyn A Sears Lydia Slater Kerstin Soykan Sar-Shalom Strong Michael Wiley

MEMORIAL GIFTS

VERA BRINDISI

Pat and Jan Moore

FRANCIS COMBAR

Pat and Jan Moore

W Floyd Olney and Elizabeth McDowell

VINCENT COSTANZA

Suzanne Costanza

Pat and Jan Moore

DOTTY DEIMEL

Pat and Jan Moore

DAVID ESTERLY

Pat and Jan Moore

RICHARD FRYE

Pat and Jan Moore

KEN GRIFFIN

Nancy K Bender

Pat and Jan Moore

LEE KREINHEDER

Richard and Barbara Decker Pat and Jan Moore

Tom and Jean Morris

CYNTHIA ANN MacKEAN

Pat and Jan Moore

MARYAN McCARTHY

Nancy K Bender

Pat and Jan Moore

EASTON PRIBBLE

John and Mary Gaylord Loy

NANCY H WATLING

Thomas C Watling PhD

Susanna Watling and Robert Verkuyl

NANCY and JERRY WEISS

Tom and Jean Morris

HONORARY GIFTS

MARIETTA VON BERNUTH

Kate Adams



CHAMBER MUSIC SOCIETY OF UTICA PO Box 8149 UTICA NY 13505-8149

> CONTACT US: CMSU.INFO@GMAIL.COM OR PHONE 315-794-9741

WEBSITE WWW.UTICACHAMBERMUSIC.ORG



Our programs are made possible with funds from the Community Foundation of Herkimer and Oneida Counties, with public funds from the New York State Council on the Arts with the support of Governor Kathy COMMUNITY Hochul and the New York State Legislature, and by the generous contributions of individual donors.

